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for continuous signup practices authorized by §1410.30 and CREP practices authorized by §1410.50(b) and; or

- (11) Land that meets other continuous signup land eligibility criteria, as established by the Deputy Administrator.
- (c) For land to be eligible under a grassland signup as specified in §1410.30, the land must, as established by the Deputy Administrator:
- (1) Not be cropland or marginal pastureland at the time of enrollment as grassland. Land enrolled under an expiring CRP contract may be eligible to be re-enrolled as grassland during the final year of the CRP contract, provided the scheduled expiration date of the current CRP contract is the day before the effective date of the new CRP contract, and suitable grass, legume, forb or shrub covers predominate, and;
- (2) Be needed and suitable for enrollment as grassland following a determination that such land:
- (i) Contain forbs or shrubland, including improved rangeland and pastureland, for which grazing is the predominant use;
- (ii) Is located in an area historically dominated by grassland;
- (iii) Is able to provide habitat for animal and plant populations of significant ecological value if the land is retained in its current use or restored to a natural condition; and
- (iv) Meets other grassland signup land eligibility criteria as may be established by the Deputy Administrator.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section, land will be ineligible for enrollment if, as determined by the Deputy Administrator, the land is one of the following:
- (1) Federally-owned land, unless the applicant has a lease for the contract period:
- (2) Land on which the use of the land is either restricted through deed or other restriction prior to enrollment in CRP prohibiting the production of agricultural commodities, or requires any resource-conserving measures, during any part of the proposed contract term;
- (3) Land already enrolled in the CRP, unless authorized by §1410.6(a)(3), as determined by the Deputy Administrator;

- (4) Land for which Tribal, State, or other locals laws, ordinances, or other regulations require any resource conserving or environmental protection measures or practices and the owners or operators of such land have been notified in writing of such requirements; or
- (5) Land that is required to be used, or otherwise dedicated to mitigate actions undertaken, or planned to be undertaken, on other land, or to mitigate other actions taken by landowners or operators, as determined by the Deputy Administrator.

[68 FR 24835, May 8, 2003, as amended at 69 FR 26763, May 14, 2004; 75 FR 44071, July 28, 2010; 78 FR 48037, Aug. 7, 2013; 80 FR 42000, 42005, July 16, 2015]

§ 1410.7 Duration of contracts.

- (a) Contracts with land devoted to hardwood trees, shelterbelts, windbreaks, or wildlife corridors will be for a term of 10 years to 15 years, as requested by the applicant.
- (b) Other general and continuous signup contracts under this part will be for a term of 10 to 15 years, as determined by the Deputy Administrator.
- (c) Grassland signup contracts will be for a term of 15 years.
- (d) All contracts will expire on September 30 of the final calendar year of the contract.

[80 FR 42001, July 16, 2015]

§ 1410.8 Conservation priority areas.

- (a) The Deputy Administrator may designate National conservation priority areas according to paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) Subject to Deputy Administrator review, State FSA committees, in consultation with NRCS and the State Technical Committee, may designate conservation priority areas within guidelines established by the Deputy Administrator. Such designation must clearly define conservation and environmental objectives and provide analysis of how CRP can cost-effectively address such objectives. Generally, the total acreage of all conservation priority areas, in aggregate, shall not